October 18, 2004			
Section 183 New wetland mitigation definitions and ratios			
	Sponsor:	Dow Constantine	
rb	Proposed No.:	2004-0122	
AMENDMENT TO PROPOS	ED SUBSTITUT	E ORDINANCE 2004	<u>-0122,</u>
<u>VERSION 2</u>			
On page 37, at the beginning of	of line 1035, inser	rt:	
"NEW SECTION. SEC	TION 115. There	is hereby added to K.C.	C. chapter
21A.06 a new section to read as	follows:		
Wetland creation. Wet	tland creation: Fo	r purposes of wetland m	nitigation, the
manipulation of the physical, ch	nemical, or biolog	cal characteristics prese	ent to develop a
wetland on an upland or deepwa	ater site, where a	wetland did not previous	sly exist.
Activities to create a wetland ty	pically involve ex	cavation of upland soils	to elevations
that will produce a wetland hyd	roperiod, create h	ydric soils, and support	the growth of
hydrophytic plant species. Wet	land creation resu	lts in a gain in wetland a	acres.
NEW SECTION. SECT	TON 116. There i	s hereby added to K.C.C	chapter 21A.06
a new section to read as follows:			
Wetland enhancement	. Wetland enhanc	ement: The manipulation	on of the
physical, chemical, or biologica	l characteristics o	f a wetland site to heigh	ten, intensify or
improve specific functions or to	change the grow	th stage or composition	of the vegetation
present. Enhancement is undert	aken for specified	l purposes such as water	quality
improvement flood water reten	tion or wildlife he	hitot Watland anhance	mant activities

typically consist of planting vegetation, controlling non-native or invasive species, modifying site elevations or the proportion of open water to influence hydroperiods or some combination of these. Wetland enhancement results in a change in some wetland functions and can lead to a decline in other wetland functions, but does not result in a gain in wetland acres. NEW SECTION. SECTION 117. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.06 a new section to read as follows: Wetland reestablishment: Wetland reestablishment: For purposes of wetland mitigation, the manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of returning natural or historic functions to a former wetland. Activities to reestablish a wetland include removing fill material, plugging ditches, or breaking

<u>NEW SECTION. SECTION 118.</u> There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

drain tiles. Wetland reestablishment results in a gain in wetland acres.

Wetland rehabilitation: Wetland rehabilitation: For purposes of wetland mitigation, the manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of repairing natural or historic functions of a degraded wetland.

Activities to rehabilitate a wetland include breaching a dike to reconnect wetlands to a floodplain or return tidal influence to a wetland. Wetland rehabilitation results in a gain in wetland function but does not result in a gain in wetland acres."

42	On pages 185 through 190, delete lines 3897 through 3982 and insert:
43	"SECTION 182. Ordinance 10870, Section 481, as amended, and K.C.C.
44	21A.24.340 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
45	Wetlands ((*)) specific mitigation requirements. In addition to the
46	requirements in section 144 of this ordinance and K.C.C. 21A.24.130, the following
47	applies to mitigation to compensate for the adverse impacts associated with an alteration
48	to a wetland or wetland buffer:
49	A. ((Restoration shall be required if a wetland or its buffer is altered in violation of
50	law or without any specific permission or approval by King County. The following
51	minimum requirements shall be met for the restoration of a wetland:
52	1. The original wetland configuration shall be replicated including its depth,
53	width, length and gradient at the original location;
54	2. The original soil type and configuration shall be replicated;
55	3. The wetland edge and buffer configuration shall be restored to its original
56	condition;
57	4. The wetland, edge and buffer shall be replanted with vegetation native to King
58	County that replicates the original vegetation in species, sizes and densities; and
59	5. The original wetland functions shall be restored including, but not limited to,
60	hydrologic and biologic functions.)) Mitigation measures must achieve equivalent or
61	greater wetland functions, including, but not limited to:
62	1. Habitat complexity, connectivity and other biological functions; and
63	2. Seasonal hydrological dynamics, as provided in the King County Surface
64	Water Design Manual;

- B. ((The requirements in subsection A. of this section may be modified if the applicant demonstrates that greater wetland functions can otherwise be obtained.)) The following ratios of area of mitigation to area of alteration apply to mitigation measures for permanent alterations:
 - 1. For alterations to a wetland buffer, a ratio of one to one; and

70 2. For alterations to a wetland:

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Category and type of wetland	Wetland re- establishment or creation	Wetland rehabilitation	1:1 Wetland re- establishment or wetland creation (R/C) and wetland enhancement (E)	Wetland enhancement only
Category IV	1.5:1	3:1	1:1 R/C and 2:1 E	<u>6:1</u>
Category III	2:1	4:1	1:1 R/C and 2:1 E	<u>8:1</u>
Category II estuarine	Case-by-case	4:1 rehabilitation of an estuarine wetland	Case-by-case	Case-by-case
All other Category II	3:1	8:1	1:1 R/C and 4:1 E	12:1
Category I forested	<u>6:1</u>	12:1	1:1 R/C and 10:1 E	Case-by-case
Category I based on score for functions	4:1	8:1	1:1 R/C and 6:1 E	Case-by-case
Category I natural heritage site	Not allowed	6:1 rehabilitation of a natural heritage site	Case-by-case	Case-by-case
Category I coastal lagoon	Not allowed	6:1 rehabilitation of a coastal lagoon	Case-by-case	Case-by-case
Category I bog	Not allowed	6:1 rehabilitation of a bog	Case-by-case	<u>Case-by-case</u>
Category I estuarine	Case-by-case	6:1 rehabilitation of an estuarine wetland	Case-by-case	Case-by-case

C. ((Replacement shall be required if a buffer is altered under an approved

72 development proposal or a wetland is used for a regional flow control facility or other

approved use. The requirements for the restoration of wetlands shall be met by replacement wetlands.)) The following ratios of area of mitigation to area of alteration apply to mitigation measures for temporary alterations where wetlands will not be impacted by permanent fill material:

Wetland category	Permanent conversion of forested and shrub wetlands into emergent wetlands		shrub wetland	r temporal loss of ds when the impa- vegetated to fores communities	cted wetlands	
	Enhancement	Rehabilitation	Creation or restoration	Enhancement	Rehabilitation	Creation or restoration
<u>Category</u> <u>I</u>	<u>6:1</u>	<u>4.5:1</u>	<u>3:1</u>	<u>3:1</u>	<u>2:1</u>	<u>1.5:1</u>
Category II	<u>3:1</u>	<u>2:1</u>	<u>1.5:1</u>	<u>1.5:1</u>	<u>1:1</u>	<u>.75:1</u>
<u>Category</u> <u>III</u>	<u>2:1</u>	<u>1.5:1</u>	<u>1:1</u>	<u>1:1</u>	<u>.75:1</u>	<u>.5:1</u>
<u>Category</u> <u>IV</u>	<u>1.5:1</u>	<u>1:1</u>	<u>.75:1</u>	Not applicable	<u>Not</u> applicable	<u>Not</u> applicable

D. ((Enhancement may be allowed if a wetland or buffer will be altered under to

a development proposal, but the wetland's biologic and/or hydrologic functions will be improved. Minimum requirements for enhancement shall be established in administrative rules.)) The department may increase the mitigation ratios provided in subsections B and C of this section under the following circumstances:

- 1. The department determines there is uncertainty as to the probable success of the proposed restoration or creation;
- 2. A significant period of time will elapse between the impact caused by the development proposal and the establishment of wetland functions at the mitigation site;
- 3. The proposed mitigation will result in a lower category wetland or reduced functions relative to the wetland being impacted; or
- 4. The alteration causing the impact was an unauthorized impact.
- E. ((All alterations of wetlands shall be replaced or enhanced on the site or within the same drainage basin using the following formulas: class 1 and 2 wetlands on a two-

91	to one basis and class 3 wetlands on a one to one basis with equivalent or greater
92	biologic functions including, but not limited to, habitat functions and with equivalent
93	hydrologic functions including, but not limited to, storage capacity.)) The department
94	may decrease the mitigation ratios provided in subsections B and C of this section under
95	the following circumstances:
96	1. The applicant demonstrates by documentation submitted by a qualified
97	wetland specialist that the proposed mitigation actions have a very high likelihood of
98	success based on hydrologic data and prior experience;
99	2. The applicant demonstrates by documentation by a qualified wetland
100	specialist that the proposed actions for compensation will provide functions and values
101	that are significantly greater than the wetland being impacted;
102	3. The applicant demonstrates that the proposed actions for mitigation have
103	been conducted in advance of the impact caused by the development proposal and that
104	the actions are successful; or
105	4. In wetlands where several wetland hydrogeomorphic classes, including, but
106	not limited to depressional, slope, riverine and flow through, are found within one
107	delineated boundary, the department may decrease the ratios if:
108	a. Impacts to the wetland are all within an area that has a different
109	hydrogeomorphic class from the one used to establish the category;
110	b. The category of the area with a different class is lower than that of the entire
111	wetland; and

c. The applicant provides adequate hydrologic and geomorphic data to
establish that the boundary between the hydrogeomorphic classes lies outside of the
footprint of the impacts.
F. ((Replacement or enhancement off the site may be allowed if the applicant

demonstrates to the satisfaction of King County that the off-site location is in the same drainage sub-basin as the original wetland and that greater biologic and hydrologic functions will be achieved. The formulas in subsection E of this section shall apply to replacement and enhancement off the site.)) For temporary alterations to a wetland or its buffer that are predominately woody vegetation, the department may require mitigation in addition to restoration of the altered wetland or buffer;

G. ((Surface water management or flood control alterations including, but not limited to, wetponds shall not constitute replacement or enhancement unless other functions are simultaneously improved.

H.)) Mitigation ((sites should be located to alleviate wildlife habitat fragmentation and avoid impacts to and prevent loss of farmable land within agricultural production districts)) of an alteration to a buffer of a wetland that occurs along an aquatic area lake shoreline in accordance with an allowed alteration under this chapter shall include, but is not limited to, on-site revegetation, maintenance and other restoration of the buffer or setback area to the maximum extent practical; and

H. The department may consider two or more contiguous sites under common ownership and located in the same drainage subbasin, as one site for the purpose of mitigation ratios.

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138	Renumber ordinance sections and revise cross-references accordingly:
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140	Effect: Revises mitigation ratios for consistency with state and federal guidelines and
141	adds language to address ratios for temporary impacts such as utilities construction.